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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/500,655	02/09/2000	Scott C. Cottrille	777.327US1	2927		
26389	7590 12/14/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
	ISEN, O'CONNOR, JO	NGUYEN, MAIKHANH				
1420 FIFTH SUITE 2800			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
SEATTLE,	WA 98101-2347	98101-2347 2176				
			DATE MAILED: 12/14/200-	4		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/500,65	5	COTTRILLE ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	,	Art Unit			
		Maikhanh		2176			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Preply	appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress		
THE I - External after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOn isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the managed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no ever reply within the statu iod will apply and wi tute, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be tin story minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1)⊠	Note to Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 October 2004</u> .						
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ T	his action is n	on-final.				
3)[	Since this application is in condition for allow	•	•		e merits is		
	closed in accordance with the practice under	er Ex parte Qu	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	4)  Claim(s) 29-31,67-69,101-103 and 105-119 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 29-31,67-69,101-103 and 105-119 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachmen	t(s)	•					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary				
3) Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S8/ r No(s)/Mail Date	(08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		O-152)		

Application/Control Number: 09/500,655 Page 2

Art Unit: 2176

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to communications: RCE filed 02/20/2004 to the original application filed 02/09/2000.

Claims 29-31, 67-69, 101-103 and 105-119 are currently pending in this application.
 Claims 29, 67 and 101 have been amended. Claims 29, 67, and 101 are independent claims.

## Request Continuation for Examination

3. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/08/2004 has been entered.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

Art Unit: 2176

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(e) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 29-31, 67-69, 101-103 and 105-119 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lakritz (U.S. 6,623,529 – filed 01/1999).

#### As to independent claim 29:

Lakritz teaches (col.2, lines 17-27) the invention substantially as claimed including a computer-implemented method for generating localized versions (e.g., provide a document localization) of a localizable Internet document (e.g., multilingual Internet Web site) for delivery to a client (e.g., delivery to Web site visitor), the method comprising:

a. extracting a localizable portion of the localizable Internet document (e.g.,

Documents that need to be translated are extracted from the language and

country database; col.10, lines 40-42 and col.11, lines 52-60), the localizable

portion is localized according to different languages and/or geographical locations

(e.g., automatically determines the language and country of a Web site visitor ...

deliver the appropriate localized content contained in one or more

country/language database and/or file-based content in a file system to the

visitor's browser; col.4, lines 3-19/ create localized content for specific

geographic regions or countries; col.6, lines 50-57/ automatically localized for

different languages; col.26, lines 33-35 and Fig.12) so as to form multiple

- localizable versions (e.g., the creation of foreign language versions; col.8, lines 64-66 and Fig. 12, items 1210-1215); and
- b. translating each localizable version to a plurality of encoded versions (e.g., encoding of the text to properly interpret for subsequent translation; col.4, lines 29-34/A Translation Resource performs translation or other linguistic functions on a set of input documents and their constituent or dependent components and produces a set of output documents that have transformed linguistically; col.12, lines 29-32 /a single form or CGI- generated document can be constructed so that it will be automatically localized for different languages and locales; col.36, lines 31-35/A single CG script or form can be localized for multiple languages from a single copy of source code; col.28, lines 15-16).
- c. Lakritz does teach storing the localized versions of the localizable portion and storing the encoded versions (e.g., All documents in that language are placed in the corresponding directory; col.17, lines 44-64), Lakritz does not specifically teach "the directory hierarchy".
- d. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have applied Lakritz's teachings to include "the directory hierarchy" because it would have provided the capability for facilitating the localization of documents, data streams, and non-text files for multilingual Internet Web sites, enabling the Web site manager to incrementally update the language content of a Web site or document, thereby enhancing the maintainability and storage of multilingual electronic content.

Application/Control Number: 09/500,655 Page 5

Art Unit: 2176

e. The fact that Lakritz's teachings "Content is hierarchically stored as country and language independent elements" (col.6, lines 44-46); "each language be assigned a unique directory in the document tree. All documents in that languages are placed in the corresponding directory. The entire document tree then becomes a collection of parallel language directories" (col.17, lines 44-48); and purpose of assigning each language a unique directory in the document tree and placing all documents in the corresponding directory in Lakritz suggest "hierarchy

# As to dependent claim 30:

directory".

Lakritz teaches extracting string literal from the localizable document; and storing the string literal as symbols (col. 27, lines 23-28/col.28, lines 61-67 and col.29, lines 28-67).

## As to dependent claim 31:

Lakritz teaches the encoded versions represent DBCS, Unicode, and UTF-8 versions of the corresponding localized version (col.4, lines 46-54 / col.58, lines 56-58).

#### As to dependent claim 105:

Lakritz teaches the localizable Internet document is an electronic mail document (Abstract and col.2, lines 17-27).

#### As to dependent claim 106:

Lakritz teaches the localizable Internet document is a Web page document (Abstract and col.3, lines 25-38).

#### As to dependent claim 107:

Lakritz teaches the localizable Internet document is an electronic communication (Abstract and col.2, lines 17-27).

## As to dependent claim 108:

Lakritz teaches the electronic communication is electronic mail (Abstract and col.2, lines 17-27).

## As to dependent claim 109:

Lakritz teaches the localizable Internet document is a portion of a Web page document (Abstract and col.2, lines 17-27).

## As to independent claim 67:

It is directed to a computer-readable medium for implementing the method of claim 29, and is similarly rejected under the same rationale.

## As to dependent claims 68-69 and 110-114:

They include the same limitations as in claims 30-31 and 105-109, and are similarly rejected under the same rationale.

## As to independent claim 101:

It is directed to a computer for performing the method of claim 29, and is similarly rejected under the same rationale.

## As to dependent claims 102-103 and 115-119:

They include the same limitations as in claims 30-32 and 105-109, and are similarly rejected under the same rationale.

Application/Control Number: 09/500,655

Art Unit: 2176

## Response to Arguments

Page 7

5. Applicant's arguments filed on 10/08/2004 have been fully considered, but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that nowhere does Lakritz teach isolating the localizable content of a document from its underlying code. Nor does Lakritz teach translating each localizable version of a localizable content into a plurality of encoded versions and storing the encoded versions in a directory hierarchy. (Remarks, page 7, 4<sup>th</sup> para.)

In response, Applicant is arguing the disclosure of the invention, not the claimed limitations. The limitation "isolating the localizable content of a document from its underlying code" is not claimed. Lakritz does teach translating each localizable version of a localizable content into a plurality of encoded versions (e.g., encoding of the text to properly interpret for subsequent translation; col.4, lines 29-34/A Translation Resource performs translation or other linguistic functions on a set of input documents and their constituent or dependent components and produces a set of output documents that have transformed linguistically; col.12, lines 29-32 /a single form or CGI- generated document can be constructed so that it will be automatically localized for different languages and locales; col.36, lines 31-35/A single CG script or form can be localized for multiple languages from a single copy of source code; col.28, lines 15-16). Also Lakritz suggests a directory hierarchy (note the discussion in the rejection above).

Art Unit: 2176

Applicant argues that nowhere does Lakritz teach "extracting a localizable portion of a localizable Internet document." (Remarks, page 8, last para.)

In response, Lakritz does teach extracting a localizable portion of a localizable Internet document (e.g., Documents that need to be translated are extracted from the language and country database; col.10, lines 40-42).

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Kurachi et al.	U.S Patent No. 6,092,035	issued:	Jul. 18, 2	2000

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maikhanh Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-4093. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 9:00am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph H Feild can be reached on (571) 272-4090.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER